$\qquad$
(Compositions, Transformations, Inverses)

Beginning in the cell marked \#1, work the problem and then hunt for the answer in one of the remaining cells. When you find it, mark that problem \#2. Work that problem and then hunt for your answer. Proceed in this manner until you complete the circuit. You must write in the final answer.


| Answer: $\frac{4 x}{6-9 x}$ <br> \# $\qquad$ Write a formula for the function created by shifting the graph of $y=x^{2}$ to the right 3 units and down 7 units. | Answer: $\quad f^{-1}(x)=\frac{4-9 x}{2 x-1}$ <br> \# $\qquad$ Let $f(x)=\sqrt{x-3}$. Find $f^{-1}(x)$. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Answer: $\quad f(x)=-(2 x)^{3}+1$ <br> \# $\qquad$ Let $f(x)=4 x+9$. Find $f^{-1}(x)$. | Answer: $\quad 10$ <br> \# $\qquad$ Use the values in the table to determine the value of $h(4)$ where $h(x)=f\left(\frac{1}{2} x\right)+4$ |
| Answer: $\quad 3 x^{2}-6 x+13$ <br> \# $\qquad$ Let $h(x)=\frac{4}{x-9}$ and $g(x)=\frac{6}{x}$. Find $(h \circ g)(x)$. Simplify, if necessary. | Answer: 18 <br> \# $\qquad$ Function values for $R$ and $C$ are given in the table. Use the information given to determine the value of $C(R(8))$ |


| Answer: 17 <br> \# $\qquad$ Let $f(x)=\frac{4}{x-9}$ and $g(x)=\frac{6}{x}$. Find $g(f(-3))$ | Answer: $\quad f^{-1}(x)=-3+\sqrt{x}$ <br> \# $\qquad$ Let $f(x)=x^{2}-3$. Find a domain on which $f(x)$ is one-to-one. Write the restricted domain here: $\qquad$ To progress in the circuit, find $f^{-1}(x)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Answer: - 3 <br> \# $\qquad$ Let $f(x)=3 x-1$ and $g(x)=x^{2}-10$. Find $(f \circ g)(x)$. | Answer: -18 <br> \# $\qquad$ Let $g(x)=\sqrt{x+3}$. Find $g(g(33))$. |
| Answer: $\quad 3 x^{2}-31$ $\qquad$ Let $f(x)=x-1$ and $g(x)=3 x^{2}+10$. <br> Find $(g \circ f)(x)$. | Answer: $\quad f^{-1}(x)=\frac{x-9}{x+4}$ <br> \# $\qquad$ Let $f(x)=\frac{x+4}{2 x+9}$. Find $f^{-1}(x)$. |


| Answer: $\quad f(x)=-(x-2)^{3}+1$ | Answer: $f(x)=(x+7)^{2}+3$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| \# $\qquad$ The function shown in the graph is based on $y=x^{3}$. Determine a formula for the function in the graph (using transformations). | \# $\qquad$ Use the values in the table to determine the value of $h(4)$ where $h(x)=\frac{1}{2} f(x+4)$ |
| Answer: $\quad f(x)=(x-3)^{2}-7$ <br> \# $\qquad$ Write a formula for the function created by shifting the graph of $y=x^{2}$ to the left 7 units and up 3 units. | Answer: $\quad f^{-1}(x)=x^{2}+3$ <br> \# $\qquad$ Let $f(x)=(x+3)^{2}$. Find a domain on which $f(x)$ is one-to-one. Write the restricted domain here: $\qquad$ <br> To progress in the circuit, find $f^{-1}(x)$ |

