

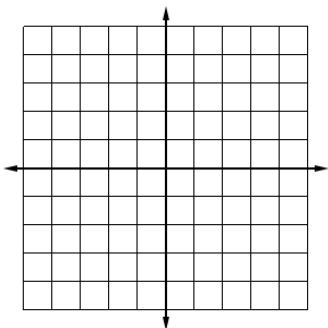
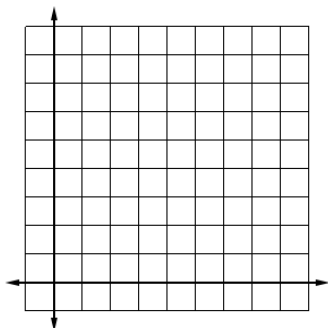
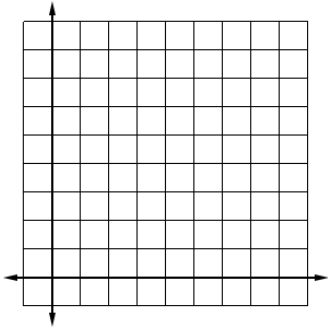
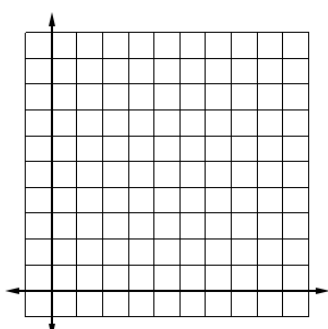
Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Algebra 2 Transformations w/Linear, Absolute Value, Quadratic, and Radical Functions

On graph paper, make separate graphs for each problem. You may include the parent function on the graph if you want to do so.  $g(x)$  represents the transformation of each parent function.

Parent Functions: Linear  $f(x) = x$  Absolute Value  $f(x) = |x|$   
 Quadratic  $f(x) = x^2$  Radical  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

1. Write in words what the transformation is.
2. Write four equations showing the transformation of each parent function.
3. Graph each function on a separate graph.
4. Identify the domain and range after you have graphed the transformation.

Order of Transformations (after you factor the b, if needed): #1 horizontal shift #2 shrink/stretch #3 reflection #4 vertical shift	
<p>EXAMPLE: <math>g(x) = \frac{1}{2}f(x - 5) + 3</math>      horizontal shift:      shrink/stretch:</p> <p>reflection:      vertical shift:</p>	
<p><b>LINEAR:</b> <math>g(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x - 5) + 3</math></p> <p>domain: all real numbers aka <math>(-\infty, \infty)</math>                      range: all real numbers aka <math>(-\infty, \infty)</math></p> 	<p><b>ABSOLUTE VALUE:</b> <math>g(x) = \frac{1}{2} x - 5  + 3</math></p> <p>domain: all real numbers aka <math>(-\infty, \infty)</math>                      range: <math>y \geq 3</math> aka <math>[3, \infty)</math></p> 
<p><b>QUADRATIC:</b> <math>g(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x - 5)^2 + 3</math></p> <p>domain: all real numbers aka <math>(-\infty, \infty)</math>                      range: <math>y \geq 3</math> aka <math>[3, \infty)</math></p> 	<p><b>RADICAL:</b> <math>g(x) = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{(x - 5)} + 3</math></p> <p>domain: <math>x \geq 5</math> aka <math>[5, \infty)</math>                      range: <math>y \geq 3</math> aka <math>[3, \infty)</math></p> 

Here are your problems! Remember: you are working FOUR functions per problem.

- Write in words what the transformation is.
- Write **four equations** showing the transformation of each parent function.
- Graph each function on a separate graph.
- Identify the domain and range after you have graphed the transformation.

1.  $g(x) = 2f(x) + 3$

4.  $g(x) = f(-x) - 3$

2.  $g(x) = -f(x + 3)$

5.  $g(x) = f(2x) - 4$

3.  $g(x) = f(x - 4) + 1$

6.  $g(x) = \frac{1}{3}f(x - 4) + 2$

There are 24 problems. We will work on these today and tomorrow. DO NOT wait until day two to start this. If I say it takes two days, then you need to use the time I've given. If we could do it in one, we would.